



GUIDED READING ACTIVITY 13-3

A Call to Freedom

Directions: Reading for Accuracy Reading the section and completing the activity below will help you learn more about the emancipation of African Americans and their participation in the war effort. Use your textbook to decide if a statement is true or false. Write **T** or **F** in the blank, and if a statement is false, rewrite it correctly on the line.

- _____ 1. The Emancipation Proclamation was signed on January 1, 1863.

- _____ 2. Lincoln was reluctant to move against slavery because he did not want to alienate the Deep South states.

- _____ 3. In 1861 and 1862, Congress passed laws that freed enslaved people who were held by those active in the rebellion.

- _____ 4. Lincoln feared that declaring slavery illegal would encourage France and Britain to support the South.

- _____ 5. Lincoln believed that it was important for Congress to make the decision to end slavery.

- _____ 6. The Emancipation Proclamation applied only to areas controlled by the Confederacy.

- _____ 7. The Fourteenth Amendment abolished slavery.

- _____ 8. By the end of the war, about one-half of the enslaved population of the South had fled to areas controlled by Union armies.

- _____ 9. African Americans from the South often proved useful as guides and spies because of their knowledge of the area.

- _____ 10. African American soldiers were integrated into the Union army.
